



D-Dimer Rapid Test Kit (Colloidal gold method)



D-Dimer is a specific marker produced after fibrin is degraded. The increase in its content represents the frequent occurrence of fibrinolysis in the human body and predicts the prethrombotic state, thrombosis or secondary fibrinolysis. Increased or positive D-Dimer content is seen in secondary fibrinolytic hyperfunction, such as hypercoagulable state, diffuse intravascular coagulation, kidney disease, organ transplant rejection, and thrombolytic therapy, etc.; in addition, myocardial infarction, cerebral infarction, pulmonary embolism, venous thrombosis, infection and tissue necrosis can all lead to elevated D-Dimer.

D-Dimer is a key indicator for deep vein thrombosis (DVT), pulmonary embolism (PE), diffuse intravascular coagulation (DIC).

This test kit is used for clinical in vitro qualitative detection of D-Dimer in human plasma and whole blood.







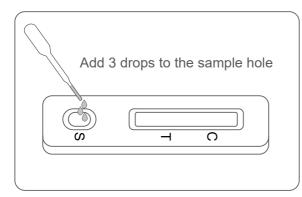
High sensitivity

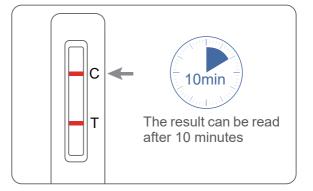
Simple operation

Fast, results can be seen in 10 minutes

Accuracy above 95%

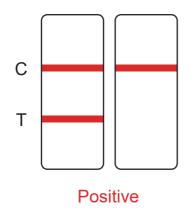
Whole blood & Serum

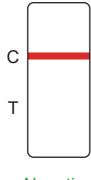


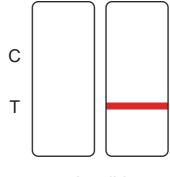




Interpretation of Test Result







Negative

Invalid

